BUIDHEANN TIGHEADAS LOCH AILLSE AGUS AN EILEIN SGITHEANAICH LTD LOCHALSH AND SKYE HOUSING ASSOCIATION

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

SCOTTISH CHARITY NO. SC038019 REGISTERED HOUSING ASSOCIATION NO. 324 FCA REGISTRATION NO. 2132 RS

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MANAGEMENT COMMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISORS For the year ended 31 March 2016

Management Committee and Executive Officer

Each elected member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officer holds no interest in the Association's share capital and, although not having the legal status of Director, acts as an Executive within the authority delegated by the Management Committee. Members of the Management Committee are elected by the members at a General Meeting unless they are appointed to fill a casual vacancy or are co-opted.

The members of the Management Committee from 1 April 2015 to the date of this report were as follows:

Mr J Laing Mr R Johnston Ms Audrey Sinclair Mr A MacCalman Mr Paul Carpenter Mr Roddy Beaton	ChairpersonVice Chairperson, resigned April 2015Vice Chairperson from May 2015
Mr John Ellis	- Joined 10 August 2015
Mr Neil Campbell	- Joined 14 September 2015
Mr Jon Hanley	- Joined 14 September 2015
Mr Steven Proudfoot	- Joined 21 March 2016
Mr Roger Liley	- Joined 21 March 2016
Mr David Owen	- Joined 21 March 2016
Ms Janet Anderson	- Joined 21 March 2016
Mr John Cayley	- Joined 21 March 2016
Mr lan Young	- Joined 21 March 2016
Mrs Morag Hannah	- Resigned 14 April 2015
Mrs P Walsh	- Resigned 29 June 2015
Mr T Bowditch	- Resigned 14 December 2015
Mr D MacKenzie	- Resigned 12 January 2016

Company Secretary - Mrs L MacIntosh

Executive Officer:

The Executive Officer of the Association from 1 April 2015 to the date of this report was Mr L MacDonald, Chief Executive.

Auditor:	Bankers:	Internal Auditor:
RSM UK Audit LLP Third Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street GLASGOW G2 6HG	Royal Bank of Scotland Bank Street PORTREE Isle of Skye IV51 9BX	Quinn Internal Audit and Business Support Services 55 Lady Place LIVINGSTONE EH54 6TB
Management Accountant:	Solicitors:	
Kenneth G Goddard CPFA 75 Warren Avenue SAXMUNDHAM Suffolk IP17 1GN	George Street Law 4 George Street DINGWALL Ross-shire IV15 9SA	
	Macleod & MacCallum 28 Queensgate INVERNESS IV1 1YN	•
	The MacKenzie Law Practi Highland Rail House	ce

Station Square INVERNESS IV1 1LE

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE For the year ended 31 March 2016

The Management Committee, being the Trustees of the Charity, presents its Report and the audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited is also known as Lochalsh & Skye Housing Association and is referred to throughout this report as "the Association".

Legal Status

The Association is constituted under its Rule Book and is registered as a non-profit making organisation under the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 with the Financial Conduct Authority No. 2132 RS and is registered with the Scottish Housing Regulator No. 324. The Association gained charitable status on 3 April 2007 as Scottish Charity No. SC038019.

The Association's registered and principal place of business is Morrison House, Bayfield, Portree, Isle of Skye, IV51 9EW.

Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited is a Public Benefit Entity.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Association are the development, management and maintenance of housing in Skye and Lochalsh for people in housing need.

Accounting Changes

The financial statements reflect the introduction of Financial Reporting Standard 102 ('FRS 102') and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Social Landlords 2014 for the first time. Comparative figures have been updated accordingly. See note 26 to the financial statements for further detail.

Business Review

In the period under review, the Association has continued to expand and has been actively involved in a range of partnerships which have contributed towards achieving its aims and objectives. The members of the Management Committee are of the opinion that the state of affairs of the Association is satisfactory.

Key aspects of the period under review are detailed below:

- The Management Committee has been consistently well attended and has used the Business Plan as a tool towards achieving key targets and for reviewing internal policy, practice and procedure.
- The Association has established Strategic Objectives that support its key Strategic Aims.
- The Association incurred Capital Expenditure of £877,661 of which £715,090 was spent on developing new housing properties and £162,571 on Planned Maintenance.
- The Association also arranged expenditure of £2,201,702 on capital projects for the Highland Council and Police Scotland
- As the Agent of the Highland Council the Association arranged the expenditure of £417,803 of grants on Care and Repair Projects for elderly and disabled clients throughout the area.

Relationships with other charities and organisations

The Association is represented on the Boards of the following organisations:

Highland Housing Alliance - non charitable company, Company No. SC279579

The Highlands Small Communities Housing Trust - Charity No. SC027544, Company No. 182862

The Association has the following non-charitable non-registered subsidiary trading company: North West Highland Community Enterprises Ltd - Company No. SC319435

Surplus for the year and Reserves

The Association has made a surplus of £452,447 (2014/15 £372,501 as restated) which has been retained in the Revenue Reserve.

The Association held total capital and reserves of £3,889,340 at 31 March 2016 (£3,446,887 as restated at 31 March 2015), of which £3,899,151 was held in the Income and Expenditure Reserve (£3,446,704 as restated at 31 March 2015).

Going Concern

The Management Committee has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Future Developments

- We will continue to expand over the next period and have identified new development opportunities throughout Skye and Lochalsh.
- The Association will continue to invest in its existing housing stock through a programme of repairs, maintenance and major refurbishment.
- The ongoing review of policies and procedures will be maintained to ensure that the governance and accountability of the Association is in accordance with best practice.

REPORT OF THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2016

Change in Fixed Assets

Details of fixed assets are set out in Note 10 of the attached accounts.

Credit Payment Policy

The Association's policy concerning the payment of its trade creditors complies with the Confederation of British Industry guidelines. The average payment period is thirty days.

Maintenance Policies

The Association seeks to maintain its properties to the highest standard. To this end, programmes of cyclical repairs are carried out in the medium term to deal with the gradual and predictable deterioration of building components. It is expected that the cost of all these repairs would be charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

In addition, the Association has a long-term programme of major repairs to cover for works which have become necessary since the original development was completed, including works required by subsequent legislative changes. This includes replacement or repairs to features of the properties, which have come to the end of their economic lives. The cost of replacing specified components (see Accounting Policies Note H on page 14) is capitalised within the terms outlined in the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by registered social landlords 2014' ("SORP"). Other works are charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

Treasury Management

The Association operates in accordance with its Treasury Management Policy which covers all of its funding or borrowing from external sources and the lending or investment of surplus balances. It also deals with the internal movement of surplus funds between accounts.

The Association, as a matter of policy, does not enter into transactions of a speculative nature. At 31 March 2016, the Association has a mix of fixed and variable rate finance, which it considers appropriate at this time.

Employee Involvement and Health & Safety

The Association encourages employee involvement in all major initiatives and in maintaining Health & Safety standards in all areas.

Schedule 7 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 Guidance on Payments, Benefits and Corporate Accountability

Schedule 7 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 is no longer in force and, during the year, the Management Committee approved a new Entitlements, Payments and Benefits Policy.

The amount spent on promoting the Association in the year was £3,719 (2014/15 - £3,296).

Disclosure of Information to the Auditor

The members of the Management Committee at the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware. They confirm that they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditors.

Auditor

RSM UK Audit LLP (formerly Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP) have agreed to offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of the Association.

By the order of the Management Committee

Mrs L MacIntosh Secretary

Date: 20 June 2016

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES For the year ended 31 MARCH 2016

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Management Committee to ensure that financial statements are prepared for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the Association's state of affairs and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Management Committee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is not appropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Management Committee is responsible for the keeping of proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Association. The Management Committee must ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Registered Housing Associations Determination of Accounting Requirements 2014. It is responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It also has responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Associating.

By the order of the Management Committee

Mrs L MacIntosh Secretary

Date: 20 June 2016

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL For the year ended 31 MARCH 2016

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- the reliability of information used within the Association or for publication
- · the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material financial mis-statement or loss or failure to meet objectives. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised use of the Association's assets:
- experienced and suitably qualified employees take responsibility for the important business functions and regular appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the Management Committee to monitor the key business risks, financial
 objectives and progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- quarterly management accounts are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up-to-date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures through the Management Committee:
- the Management Committee receive reports from management, and from internal and external auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weakness identified through internal or external audit reports:
- an internal auditor has been appointed in accordance with the requirements of Guidance Note 97/06. An audit plan was
 set and completed for the year. The results of the work confirm that the Association has satisfactory procedures for
 managing its finances.

The Management Committee has reviewed the effectiveness of the Association's systems of internal financial control for the year ended 31 March 2016 and until 20 June 2016 when the financial statements were approved. No weaknesses were found in internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

By the order of the Management Committee

Mrs L MacIntosh Secretary Registered Office Morrison House Bayfield PORTREE Isle of Skye IV519EW

Date: 20 June 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BUIDHEANN TIGHEADAS LOCH AILLSE AGUS AN EILEIN SGITHEANAICH LIMITED For the year ended 31 MARCH 2016

We have audited the financial statements of Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 on pages 10 to 29. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the Association's members as a body, in accordance with Part 7 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Committee and auditor

As explained more fully in the Committee's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements – December 2014.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

RSM LIK Angel LAP

RSM UK AUDIT LLP Third Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street Glasgow G2 6HG

Date: 22/6/16

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BUIDHEANN TIGHEADAS LOCH AILLSE AGUS AN EILEIN SGITHEANAICH LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS For the year ended 31 MARCH 2016

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on Page 7 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Financial Reporting Council through enquiry of certain members of the Management Committee and Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 7 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

RSM UK Andre LAP

RSM UK AUDIT LLP Statutory Auditor Third Floor Centenary House 69 Wellington Street Glasgow G2 6HG

22/6/16

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 March 2016

		31/03/2016	Restated 31/03/2015
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER	2	6,756,014	4,337,822
Operating expenditure		5,935,124	3,629,136
OPERATING SURPLUS	2	820,890	708,686
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(41,317)	(21,474)
Interest receivable		11,318	7,026
Interest and financing costs	5	(338,444)	(321,737)
SURPLUS BEFORE TAX	6	452,447	372,501
Taxation	7	-	-
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	23	452,447 	372,501

The results relate wholly to continuing activities.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2016

		31/03	31/03/2016		estated 1/03/2015
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	£	£
Housing properties Other fixed assets Investment properties Investment in subsidiaries	10a 10b 11 12		53,264,520 548,218 187,500 1		53,777,880 552,160 187,500 1
			54,000,239		54,517,541
CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade and other debtors Cash and cash equivalents	15 27	298,114 2,256,193		118,034 2,077,728	
		2,554,307		2,195,762	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Amounts falling due within one year	16	1,766,798		1,765,799	
NET CURRENT ASSETS:			787,509		429,963
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		54,787,748		54,947,504
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Provisions for liabilities: Pension provision	17 21	(49,939,575) (934,000)		(50,488,130) (994,000)	
Other provisions		(14,833)		(18,487)	
			(50,888,408)		(51,500,617)
TOTAL NET ASSETS			3,899,340		3,446,887
RESERVES					
Called up share capital Income and expenditure reserve	22 23		189 3,899,151		183 3,446,704
			3,899,340		3,446,887

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Management Committee on 20 June 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Committee Member

Committee Member

Secretary

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES For the year ended 31 March 2016

	Notes	Income and expenditure reserve	Restricted reserve	estricted Revaluation reserve	
	. 10100	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 April 2014 - Restated	30	3,074,203	-	_	3,074,203
Surplus for the year	30	372,501	_	-	372,501
Transfer from revaluation reserve to income and expenditure reserve		-	-	_	-
Transfer of restricted expenditure from unrestricted reserve			-	-	_
Balance as at 31 March 2015	-	3,446,704	_	_	3,446,704
Surplus for the year Transfer from revaluation reserve to income and expenditure		452,447	-	-	45,2,447
reserve		-	-	-	-
Transfer of restricted expenditure from unrestricted reserve	_		_	_	
Balance at 31 March 2016	=	3,899,151	-		3,899,151

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS For the year ended 31 March 2016

	-				
		31/0	3/2016	31/	03/2015
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash generated from operating activities	27		1,020,427		1,202,946
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Grants received Interest received		(913,398) 4,500 - 11,318		(2,288,829) 11,772 1,463,224 7,026	
Net cash used in investing activities			(897,580)		(806,807)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Issue of share capital Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments New secured loans Repayment of borrowings Capital element of finance lease rental payments Withdrawal from deposits		12 (338,444) - 910,000 (515,950) -		3 (321,737) - (298,543) -	
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities			55,618		(620,277)
Net increase/(decrease)in cash and cash equiva	lents		178,465		(224,138)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of year			2,077,728		2,301,866
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	27		2,259,193		2,077,728

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the Housing SORP 2014 "Statement of Recommended Practice for Registered Housing Providers" and to comply with the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2015, and under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain financial instruments at fair value. The financial statements are prepared in Sterling (£).

B. Basis of Consolidation

Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Ltd and its non-registered subsidiary (North West Highland Community Enterprises Ltd) comprise a group. The Association has obtained exemption from the Financial Conduct Authority from producing Consolidated Financial Statements as provided by Section 14(2A) of the Friendly and Industrial and Provident Societies Act 1968. The accounts represent the results of Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Ltd and not of the group. North West Highland Community Enterprises Ltd is a subsidiary trading company and did not generate a significant level of financial results from a group perspective.

C. Change in Accounting Policy

These financial statements are the first financial statements of Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102). The financial statements of Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 were prepared in accordance with previous UK GAAP. Some of the FRS 102 recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements and accounting policy choices differ from previous UK GAAP.

Consequently, the Management Committee has amended certain accounting policies to comply with FRS 102. Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the adjustments made. Reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition to FRS 102 on; (i) reserves at the date of transition to FRS 102; (ii) reserves at the end of the comparative period; and (iii) income or expenditure for the comparative period reported under previous UK GAAP are given in note 26.

D. Turnover

Turnover represents rental, service and management charge income receivable in the period, income from shared ownership first tranche sales, sale of properties built for sale, other services provided at the invoice value and revenue based grants receivable in the period.

Rental income is recognised from the point when properties under development reach practical completion or otherwise become available for letting, net of any voids. Income from first tranche sales and sales of properties built for sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the transaction. Revenue grants are receivable when the conditions for receipt of agreed grant funding have been met.

E. Government Grants

Government grants include grants receivable from the Scottish Government, local authorities and other government bodies.

Government grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the useful economic life of the structure of the asset and, where applicable, the individual components of the structure (excluding land) under the accruals model.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, then any unamortised grant remaining is derecognised as a liability and recognised as income. Where there is a requirement to repay a grant a liability is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation.

F. Other Grants

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised using the performance model. Grants are recognised as income when the associated performance conditions are met.

G. Borrowing

Mortgage loans are advanced by private lenders and local authorities under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each housing scheme. Advances are available only in respect of those developments which have been approved for Social Housing Grant (SHG).

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying properties are added to the cost of those properties until such a time as the properties are ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed as incurred

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing Properties

Housing properties are properties for the provision of social housing or to otherwise provide social benefit and are principally properties available for rent and shared ownership.

Completed housing and shared ownership properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and buildings, and expenditure incurred during the development period.

Works to existing properties which replace a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, along with those works that enhance the economic benefits of the assets, are capitalised as improvements. Such enhancements can occur if improvements result in either:

- An increase in rental income:
- A material reduction in future maintenance costs; or
- A significant extension to the life of the property

These costs are either termed "qualifying costs" by Scottish Ministers (Communities Scotland to 31.03.08) for approved SHG schemes and are considered for mortgage loans by the relevant lending authorities or they are met out of the Association's reserves.

All invoices and architects' certificates relating to capital expenditure incurred in the year at gross value before retentions are included in the financial statements for the year, provided that the dates of issue of valuations are prior to the year end.

Development costs are capitalised to the extent that they are directly attributable to specific schemes and where such costs are not felt to be excessive. Labour costs of the Association's development staff and in-house staff fulfilling the client role, indirectly arising from the construction or acquisition of properties, are charged to the Income and Expenditure Account as incurred. Grants receivable towards these costs are recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account in the same period as the related expenditure, provided that the conditions for its receipt have been satisfied and there is reasonable assurance that grant funding will be received. The equivalent amount is also capitalised and shown separately as grant receivable within fixed assets - housing properties.

I. Investment Properties

Investment properties (including properties held under an operating lease) consist of commercial properties and properties not held for social benefit. These properties are currently measured at market value. Changes in fair value are recognised in income and expenditure.

The Companies Act 2006 requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in FRS 102. The Management Committee consider that, because investment properties are not held for consumption, but for their investment potential, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view.

If this departure from the Companies Act 2006 had not been made in order to give a true and fair view, the surplus/deficit for the financial year would have been reduced by depreciation. However the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified because depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount relating to the depreciation of the property cannot be separately identified.

J. Improvements

Works to existing properties will generally be capitalised under the following circumstances:

- (i) Where a component of the housing property that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes and depreciated over its useful economic life is replaced or restored; or
- (ii) Where the subsequent expenditure provides an enhancement of the economic benefits of the tangible fixed assets in excess of the previously assessed standard of performance. Such enhancement can occur if the improvements result in an increase in rental income, a material reduction in future maintenance costs or a significant extension of the life of the property.

The major components of each property are deemed to be land, structure, roof, electrics, windows, external doors, bathroom, heating system and kitchen. Each component has a substantially different economic life and is depreciated over this individual life. Depreciation rates are shown in Note K.

Works to existing properties which fail to meet the above criteria are charged to the Income and Expenditure account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. Depreciation of Housing Properties

Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis over the expected economic useful lives of each major component that makes up the housing property as follows:

Structure - 60 years Roof - 50 years Electrics - 50 vears Windows - 25 vears **External Doors** - 25 years Bathroom - 25 years Heating System - 20 years Kitchen - 15 years

No depreciation is charged on land or assets under construction.

L. Impairments of Fixed Assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that any fixed assets (including housing properties) may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, the Association estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use of the asset based on its service potential, are recognised as impairment losses in the income and expenditure account.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in income and expenditure. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

M. Other Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and investment properties, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of each asset to its estimated residual value on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office Properties - same as housing properties (see above)

Housing Furniture - General - 20% straight line
Office Equipment & Furniture - I T - 33.3% straight line

Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance

N. Property Development Cost

The proportion of the development cost of shared ownership properties expected to be disposed as a first tranche sale is held in current assets until it is disposed of. The remaining part of the development cost is treated as a fixed asset. Surpluses made on the disposal of first tranche sales are taken to the income and expenditure account in accordance with Statement of Recommended Practice.

Property developments that are intended for resale are included in current assets until disposal

O. Sale of Shared Ownership/Shared Equity Properties

First tranche Shared Ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion and the cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating costs. Disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as fixed asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the income and expenditure account, in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice.

Disposals under shared equity schemes are accounted for in the income and expenditure account. The remaining equity in properties sold before 1 April 2008 is treated as a fixed asset investment, which is matched with the grant received. For properties sold after 1 April 2008 the standard security over the remaining equity lies with the Scottish Government and is therefore not reflected in the Association's balance sheet.

P. Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. Taxation

The Association has charitable status and is registered with the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator and is therefore exempt from paying Corporation Tax on charitable activities.

R. VAT

The Association first registered for VAT on 25 April 2008. The registration took effect in the year to 31 March 2008. On 1 April 2013 the Association, along with its subsidiary NWHCE, obtained group registration for VAT. The majority of the Association's income is exempt for VAT purposes, giving rise to a Partial Exemption calculation. Expenditure is shown inclusive of VAT.

S. Deposits and Liquid Resources

Cash comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand less overdrafts repayable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments that are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are readily convertible into known amounts of cash at or close to their carrying value.

T. Leases

Finance Leases

An asset and corresponding liability are recognised for leasing agreements that transfer to the Association substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership ("finance leases"). The amount capitalised is the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term, both determined at inception of the lease. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to income and expenditure so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Operating Leases

All other leases are operating leases and the annual rentals are charged to income and expenditure on a straight line basis over the lease term.

U. Employee Benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense

Employees are entitled to carry forward up to 5 days of any unused holiday entitlement at the reporting date. The cost of any unused entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle an obligation for termination benefits is recognised immediately as an expense when the Association is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

V. Retirement Benefits

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to income and expenditure is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

Defined benefit plans

The Association participates in a Defined Benefits Pension with the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS); it is a funded multi-employer scheme. Retirement benefits for employees of the Association are funded by contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting Actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS contributions are recognised in income and expenditure in the period to which they relate as there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. A liability is recognised for contributions arising from an agreement with the multi-employer plan that determines how the Association will fund a deficit. Contributions are discounted when they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the period end.

Asset/Liability

The net defined benefit asset/liability represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation minus the fair value of plan assets out of which obligations are to be settled. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of available refunds or reductions in future contributions to the plan. The rate used to discount the benefit obligations to their present value is based on market yields for high quality corporate bonds with terms and currencies consistent with those of the benefit obligations.

Gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income:

- Actuarial gains and losses
- The difference between the interest income on the plan assets and the actual return on the plan assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

W. Liquidity and Cash Management

The Association has an active treasury management function which operates in accordance with the Treasury Management Policy approved by the Management Committee. In this way the Association manages its borrowing arrangements to ensure that it is always in a position to meet its financial obligations as they fall due, whilst minimising excess cash and liquid resources held.

X. Apportionment of Management Expenses

Direct employee administration and operating costs have been apportioned to the income and expenditure account on the basis of costs of the staff to the extent that they are directly engaged in each of the operations dealt with in these accounts.

Y. Financial Instruments

The Association has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Association becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Association currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Debtors

Debtors which are receivable within one year and which do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

Where the arrangement with a trade debtor constitutes a financing transaction, the debtor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in income and expenditure.

Financial liabilities

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year that do not constitute a financing transaction are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Where the arrangement with a trade creditor constitutes a financing transaction, the creditor is initially and subsequently measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar instrument.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and other similar charges.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Z. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Association has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and that obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

AA. Reserves

The Association establishes restricted funds for specific purposes where their use is subject to restrictions imposed by third parties.

BB. Going Concern

The Management Committee consider on an annual basis the appropriateness of preparing the Association's Financial Statements on a going concern basis. Matters which are taken into account in this process include:

- the prevailing economic climate, both internationally and locally and its impact, if any, on the Association's viability.
- the financial position of the Association and the impact, if any, of perceived weaknesses on the Association's viability.
- the short, medium and long term financial prospects resulting from the modelling exercise carried out annually in updating the Association's 30 year Financial Plan including sensitivity analyses and independent verification of key underlying assumptions.

In the absence of any fundamental shortcomings raised as a result of the above exercise the Management Committee consider the going concern assumption underlying the preparation of the Association's Financial Statements to be appropriate.

CC. Critical Accounting Estimates and Areas of Judgement

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make critical judgements and estimates concerning the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, advice from qualified experts and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

Obligations under the SHAPS defined benefit pension scheme

The rate used to discount the past service deficit defined benefit obligations to their present value is based upon market yields for high quality corporate bonds with terms consistent with those of the benefit obligations. Our annual commitment to SHAPS of £79,000, rising by 3% each year for the next 11.5 years has been discounted at a rate of 2.29% amounting to a net present value of £1,066,000 at 31 March 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

2 PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

	<u>Note</u>	Turnover	Operating <u>Costs</u>	Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	Restated Operating Surplus/(Deficit) <u>Previous Year</u>
Affordable letting activities	3	£ 3,503.627	£ 2.578,892	£	£
Anordable letting activities	3	3,303,027	2,570,092	924,735	833,519
Other activities	4	3,252,387	3,356,232	(103,845)	(124,833)
		6,756,014	<u>5,935,124</u>	820,890	<u>708,686</u>
Restated total for previous period	od of account	<u>4,337,822</u>	3,629,136	708,686	

PARTICULARS OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FROM AFFORDABLE LETTING ACTIVITIES

Income from Affordable Lettings	General Needs <u>Housing</u> £	Shared ownership £	2015/16 <u>Total</u> £	Restated 2014/15 <u>Total</u> £
Rent Receivable net of service charges Service Charges	2,344,855 34,842	47,741 2,520	2,392,596 37,362	2,278,927 36,417
Gross income from rents and service charges Less: Rent Losses from Voids	2,379,697 (3,680)	50,261	2,429,958 (3,680)	2,315,344 (3,824)
Net income from rents and service charges	2,376,017	50,261	2,426,278	2,311,520
Grants released from deferred income Revenue grants from Scottish Ministers Other revenue grants	1,061,608 - -	15,741 - -	1,077,349 - -	1,042,003 - -
Total Turnover from Affordable Letting Activities	3,437,625	66,002	3,503,627	3,353,523
Expenditure on Affordable Letting Activities Management and maintenance administration costs Service costs Planned and cyclical maintenance including major repair cost: Reactive maintenance costs Bad debts - rents and service charges Depreciation of affordable let properties Impairment of affordable let properties	656,568 39,768 163,904 375,466 976 1,317,878	6,700 - - - - 17,632	663,268 39,768 163,904 375,466 976 1,335,510	700,694 31,371 138,071 328,935 209 1,302,022 18,702
Operating Costs for affordable letting activities	<u>2,554,560</u>	24,332	2,578,892	2,520,004
Operating Surplus for affordable letting activities	<u>883,065</u>	<u>41,670</u>	924,735	<u>833,519</u>
Restated Operating Surplus for affordable letting activities for previous reporting period	s <u>797,096</u>	<u>36,423</u>	<u>833,519</u>	

The Association has no Supported Accommodation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

4 PARTICULARS OF TURNOVER, COST OF SALES, OPERATING COSTS AND OPERATING SURPLUS OR DEFICIT FROM OTHER ACTIVITIES

	Grants from Scottish <u>Ministers</u> £	Other Revenue <u>Grants</u> £	Other Income £	Total <u>Turnover</u> £	Operating Costs - <u>Bad debts</u> £	Other Operating Costs	Operating Surplus/ (<u>Deficit</u>) £	Operating Surplus/ (deficit) in Previous year £
Wider role activities: Care and repair Investment property activities Factoring Uncapitalised development administration costs Support activities Care activities Contracted out activities undertaken for registered social la Contracted out activities undertaken for other organisations Developments for sale to registered social landlords Developments and improvements for sale to other organisations Other activities: Handyperson Service		66,108 - - - - - - - - 165,630	417,803 17,000 7,862 183,415 - - 2,244,306	483,911 17,000 7,862 191,700 - - - 2,244,306 - - 165,630	-	486,071 7,414 5,429 205,144 - - 2,229,565 - 166,034	(2,160) 9,586 2,433 (13,444) - - 14,741 - - (404)	(6,447) 9,447 1,742 (49,703) - - 16,542 -
Energy Advice Service Mid-Market Properties Other rents Heat Sales Other income	- - - -	- - -	4,574 26,127 23,105 85,172 3,000	4,574 26,127 23,105 85,172 3,000	- - - -	108,281 15,327 6,071 126,896	(103,707) 10,800 17,034 (41,724) 3,000	(312) (83,995) 9,470 16,964 (41,541) 3,000
Total from other activities Total from other activities for previous reporting period	<u>8,285</u> <u>5,079</u>	231,738 194,491	3,012,364 784,729	<u>3,252,387</u> <u>984,299</u>		3,356,232 1,109,132	(103,845) (124,833)	(124,833)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

5 INTEREST AND FINANCING COSTS

	<u>31/03/16</u> £	<u>31/03/15</u> £
Defined benefit pension change Bank Loans and Overdrafts	21,000 317,444	32,000 289,737
	338,444	321,737

Interest incurred in the development period of housing projects which has been written off to the Income and Expenditure Account amounted to £311,905 (2014/15 - £284,970).

6	OPERATING SURPLUS Operating surplus is stated after charging: -	<u>31/03/16</u> £	Restated 31/03/15 £
	Depreciation of housing properties Depreciation of mid-market properties Depreciation of other fixed assets Operating lease rentals (note 14)	1,335,510 13,280 36,092 	1,302,022 13,280 40,297 45,045
	External auditors remuneration:	1,444,503	1,400,644
	Audit services (excluding VAT) Other services (excluding VAT)	9,400 	7,625 7,625

7 TAXATION

Charitable status was obtained on 3 April 2007. All activities since that date meet the definition of charitable purposes, or are ancillary thereto: surpluses are therefore not normally liable to Corporation Tax.

8 EMPLOYEES

Salaries Social security costs Pension costs	31/03/16 £ 926,196 73,411 62,890	31/03/15 £ 812,390 62,206 59,839
	1,062,497	934,435
	<u>No</u> .	<u>No</u> .
The average monthly number of Full Time Equivalent persons (including key management personnel) employed by the Association during the year was: The average total number of Employees employed during the year was;	32.5	28
Full Time Part Time	32 1 33	26 3 29

9 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management personnel are defined as the members of the Management Committee, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the Management Committee.

The number of key management personnel who received emoluments (excluding employers' pension contributions) in excess of £60,000 during the reporting period were:

	<u>31/03/16</u>	<u>31/03/15</u>
Number of key management personnel	1	1
Emoluments payable to key management personnel	£62,411	£59,018

The Association's pension contributions for key management personnel amounted to £5,991 (2014/15 - £5,666). No payment or fees or other remuneration was made to members of the Management Committee during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

10 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

a) Housing Properties COST:	Housing Properties Held for <u>Letting</u> £	Mid-Market <u>Properties</u> £	Housing Properties in the course of Construction £	Shared Ownership Housing <u>Properties</u> £	<u>Totals</u> £
As at 1 April 2015 Additions Transfers Disposals	62,038,582 205,212 2,090,571 (128,774)	579,205 - - -	2,326,866 672,449 (2,090,571)	1,029,308	65,973,961 877,661 - (128,774)
As at 31 March 2016	64,205,591	<u>579,205</u>	908,744	<u>1,029,308</u>	66,722,848
DEPRECIATION: As at 1 April 2015 - Restated Charge for Year Eliminated on disposal	11,877,850 1,317,878 (86,543)	36,122 13,280	- - -	282,109 17,632	12,196,081 1,348,790 (86,543)
As at 31 March 2016	<u>13,109,185</u>	49,402	· <u>-</u>	299,741	13,458,328
NET BOOK VALUE: As at 31 March 2016	<u>51,096,406</u>	<u>529,803</u>	<u>908,744</u>	<u>729,567</u>	<u>53,264,520</u>
As at 31 March 2015 - Restated	50,160,732	<u>543,083</u>	2,326,866	<u>747,199</u>	53,777,880

Cost additions for housing properties held for letting includes capitalised property maintenance costs of £162,571 (2014/15 £143,003).

Lochalsh and Skye Housing Association does not consider any individual schemes to be separate cash generating units when assessing for impairment in accordance with SORP 2014.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

b) Other

COST:	Restated Land and <u>Buildings</u> £	Housing <u>Furniture</u> £	Office Equipment & Furniture £	Motor <u>Vehicles</u> £	Restated <u>Totals</u> £
As at 1 April 2015 Additions Disposals/Write offs Transfers	626,104 31,132 -	35,691 - (24,575) -	298,609 4,604 (137,487)	63,600 - (8,500)	1,024,004 35,736 (170,562)
As at 31 March 2016	657,236	11,116	165,726	55,100	889,178
DEPRECIATION: As at 1 April 2015 Charge for Year Eliminated on Disposal/Write offs As at 31 March 2016	144,957 12,858 —————	35,424 267 (24,575)	262,441 15,219 (<u>137,487</u>)	29,022 7,748 (4,914)	471,844 36,092 (166,976)
NET BOOK VALUE:	<u>157,815</u>	<u>11,116</u>	<u>140,173</u>	<u>31,856</u>	340,960
As at 31 March 2016	499,421		<u>25,553</u>	<u>23,244</u>	<u>548,218</u>
As at 31 March 2015	<u>481,147</u>	<u>267</u>	<u>36,168</u>	<u>34,578</u>	<u>552,160</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

11	INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		Destated
'''		31/03/16	Restated 31/03/15
	The Association's Investment properties are held at market value	£	£
	At 1 April Additions Increase in value	187,500 - -	187,500 -
	At 31 March	187,500 ———	187,500
12	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
	Investments in subsidiary		
	The Association has a wholly-owned subsidiary, North West Highland Community Ente which was incorporated on 23 March 2007. The relationship between the Association as an independence agreement between both parties. The following transactions took placed during the year.	ind its subsidiary	is set out in
		<u>31/03/16</u>	<u>31/03/15</u>
	Annual transport of the section of t	£	£
	Amount invested in subsidiary	1	1
		£	£
	Expenses incurred on behalf of, and recoverable from, subsidiary	1,213	1,213
	Property rents recoverable from the subsidiary	18,847	18,424
	Property management fees recoverable from subsidiary	5,939	7,570
	The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the result of North West Highland C for the period 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016 were as follows:	ommunity Enterp	orises Limited
		£	£
	Capital and Reserves	(2,205)	(2,443)
	Profit for the year	238_	127_
13	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
		<u>31/03/16</u> £	31/03/15 £
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements	1,400,686	673,379
	The Association expects to finance this commitment by:		
	Capital grant receivable		
		736 924	_
	Loans under negotiation with loan offers Loans yet to be arranged	736,924 663,762 -	693,379 -
		663,762	
14	Loans yet to be arranged		693,379
14	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES	1,400,686	
14	Loans yet to be arranged	1,400,686	
14	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES	663,762 	693,379 Year ended 31/03/14
14	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are a Amounts due:	663,762 - 1,400,686 s follows: Year ended 31/03/15 £	
14	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are a Amounts due: Within one year Between one and five years	663,762 	693,379 Year ended 31/03/14
14	COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are a Amounts due: Within one year	663,762 	693,379 Year ended 31/03/14 £ 3,621

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

15 **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

		31/03/16	31/03/15
	Rent and Service Charges Arrears Less: net present value adjustment	£ 91,538	£ 86,441
	Less bad debt provision	(38,126)	(32,298)
	0	53,412	54,143
	Care & Repair debtor Trade debtors	35,581	3,534
	Other debtors	34,461 152,147	12,920 14,325
	Prepayments and accrued income	21,369	31,664
	Due from group undertaking	1,144	1,448
		298,114	118,034
16	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		<u>31/03/16</u>	<u>31/03/15</u>
	Bank Loans and Overdrafts (see Note 19)	£ 318,306	£ 308,328
	Trade Creditors	87,159	126,127
	Other Creditors Care & Repair creditor	122,564	82,753
	Taxation and social security costs	18,642 34,626	2,323 43,096
	Deferred capital grants – Housing	1,069,066	1,049,282
	Deferred capital grants - Other Rents in Advance	3,000	3,000
	Accruals & Deferred Income	34,340 79,095	16,642 134,248
		1,766,798	1,765,799
17	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		<u>31/03/16</u> £	31/03/15 £
	Bank Loans - Housing Properties (see Note 19)	12,117,706	11,525,843
	Bank Loans - Office Building (see Note 19) Other loans (see Note 19)	<u>-</u>	12,790 195,000
	Deferred capital grants – Housing	37,816,869	38,746,497
	Deferred capital grants - Other	5,000	8,000
		49,939,575	50,488,130
18	DEFERRED CAPITAL GRANT		
		31/ 03/16 £	31/03/15 £
	Total capital grant received at 1 April Total capital grant released at 1 April	51,009,670	49,546,446
	·	(11,213,892)	(10,040,194)
	Deferred capital grant at 1 April	39,795,778	39,506,252
	Capital grant received in the year Capital grant released in the year	174,786	1,463,224
	·	(1,084,629)	(1,173,698)
	Deferred capital grant at 31 March	38,885,935	39,795,778
	Amounts to be released within one year	1,069,066	1,049,282
	Amounts to be released in more than one year	37,816,869	38,746,496
		38,885,935	39,795,778

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

19 BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS

	An analysis of the maturity of loans and overdrafts is given below:	31/03/16 £	31/03/15 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Loans - Housing Properties Bank Loans - Office Building	299,398	271,639
	Balik Loans - Office Building	18,908	36,689
		318,306	308,328
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Bank Loans - Housing Properties Bank Loans - Office Building Other loans	12,117,706 - -	11,525,843 12,790 195,000
		12,117,706	11,733,633
	Security The bank overdraft and loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's varying rates of interest by instalments due as set out below. Interest rates fall betw (fixed).	s properties and veen 0.92% (var	are repayable at able) and 6.98%
		<u>31/03/16</u>	<u>31/03/15</u>
	Due within one year Due in more than one year but less than two years Due between two and five years	£ 318,306 3,897,855 949,581	£ 308,328 288,856 4,643,947
	Due after more than five years	7,270,270	6,800,830
		12,436,012	12,041,961
20	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
		31/03/16 £	31/03/15 £
	Financial assets: Debt instruments measured at amortised cost		
	Trade debtors	34,461	12,920
	Financial liabilities: Liabilities measured at amortised cost		
	Bank loans	12,436,012	12,041,961
	Trade creditors Accruals	87,159 79,095	126,127 134,248
21	PROVISIONS		
		Holiday Pay £	Pension
	1 April 2015 Utilised in the year Additional provision in year	18,487 (3,654)	£ 994,000 (77,000) -
	Unwinding of discount Reversed in year	-	21,000
	Increase/(decrease) due to change in discount rate 31 March 2016	14,833	<u>(4,000)</u> 934,000
	Holiday Pay		1 To 100 Names

Holiday Pay

This represents holiday accrued as a result of services rendered in the current period and which employees are entitled to carry forward. The provision is measured as the statutory cost payable for the period of absence.

Pension

The SHAPS provision represents the net present value of the commitment to the multi-employer pension scheme in respect of past deficits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

22 SHARE CAPITAL

Shares of £1 each, issued and fully paid:	Year ended 31/03/16	Year ended 31/03/15
	£	£
As at 1 April	183	186
Shares issued	12	3
Cancelled in year	(6)	(6)
As at 31 March	189	183

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

23 **RESERVES**

Income and Expenditure Reserve

	L
At 1 April 2015 - Restated Surplus for the year	3,446,704 452,447
At 31 March 2016	3,899,151

24	HOUSING STOCK	<u>31/03/16</u>	31/03/15
----	---------------	-----------------	----------

The number of units of accommodation in management at the year-end was: -

General needs	629	611
Supported accommodation	 -	-
Shared Ownership	21	21
Mid-market	5	5
Managed on behalf of other owners	24	24
	679	661

25 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Members of the management committee are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 8. The related party relationships of the members of the management committee is summarised as follows:

One member of the management committee is a tenant of the Association. At the year-end there were no rent arrears due from tenant members.

Committee members that are tenants of the Association have tenancies that are on the Association's normal tenancy terms. Committee members cannot use their position to their advantage. Any transaction between the Association and any entity with which a committee member has a connection is made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms. There were no such transactions with related parties in the year.

Transactions with the Association's subsidiary company, North West Highland Community Enterprises Limited, are shown in Note 12 (page 23).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

26 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Buidheann Tigheadas Loch Aillse Agus An Eilein Sgitheanaich Limited participates in the Scottish Housing Associations Pension Scheme (SHAPS) which provides benefits to some 155 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

It is not possible for the Association to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore it accounts for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the Association is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2012. This actuarial valuation showed assets of £394m, liabilities of £698m and a deficit of £304m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the trustees and the participating employers have agreed that additional contributions will be paid to the scheme as follows:

Deficit contributions

1 April 2014 to 3 Sept 2027 - £26,304,000 per annum (payable monthly and increasing by 3% on each 1st April)

The recovery plan contributions are allocated to each participating employer in line with their estimated share of the scheme liabilities.

Where the scheme is in deficit and where the company has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement the company recognises a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised is the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that relates to the deficit. The present value is calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost.

PRESENT VALUES OF PROVISION

PRESENT VALUES OF PROVISION			
	31 March 2016 (£000s)	31 March 2015 (£000s)	31 March 2014 (£000s)
Present value of provision	934	994	967
RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING PROV	/ISIONS		
	Period E 31 March (£00	1 2016	Period Ending 31 March 2015 (£000s)
Provision at start of period		994	967
Unwinding of the discount factor (interest expense)		21	32
Deficit contribution paid		(77)	(75)
Remeasurements - impact of any change in assumptions		(4)	70
Remeasurements - amendments to the contribution sche	dule	_	-
Provision at end of period		934	994
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE IMPACT			
	Period Er 31 March (£0		Period Ending 31 March 2015 (£000s)
Interest expense		21	32
Remeasurements – impact of any change in assumptions		(4)	70
Remeasurements - amendments to the contribution sche	dule	-	-
Contributions paid in respect of future service		63	59
Costs recognised in income and expenditure account		63	59

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

RETIREMENT BENEFITS (continued)

ASSUMPTIONS

31 March 2016 31 March 2015 31 March 2014 % per annum % per annum % per annum 2.29 2.22 3.42

Rate of discount

The discount rates shown above are the equivalent single discount rates which, when used to discount the future recovery plan contributions due, would give the same results as using a full AA corporate bond yield curve to discount the same recovery plan contributions.

In the year to 31 March 2016 the Association made additional deficit payments to SHAPS of £79,461. The association has agreed to continue this payment, which will increase at a rate of 3% per year, until September 2027. A liability based upon discounted net present value of £934,000 has been recognised within provisions for the contribution obligations.

	£000
At 1 April 2015	994
Increase in provision	-
Releases in the year	60
At 31 March 2016	934

27 RECONCILIATION OF SURPLUS TO NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATIONS

Surplus for the year Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Impairment losses on tangible fixed assets Impairment losses on investments	Year ended 31 March 2016 £ 452,447 1,384,882 -
Fair value (gains)/losses on investment properties Defined benefit pension schemes Fair value (gains)/losses on financial instruments Increase/(decrease) in provisions (Gain)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Shares cancelled Interest receivable Interest payable	(63,654) 41,317 (6) (11,318) 338,444
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	2,142,112
Decrease/(increase) in stock Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	(180,080) (941,605)
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	1,020,427
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at bank Short-term deposits	506,193 1,750,000 2,256,193

28 **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

No contingent liabilities have been identified

29 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no post balance sheet events

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2016

30 FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF FRS102

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 for the year ended 31 March 2016. The transition to FRS102 has impacted on the following accounting policies adopted and as such the comparative figures have been restated accordingly

A - Grant Accounting

Previously all capital grants received were netted off against the cost of housing properties. In line with FRS102 and SORP 2014 capital government grants are now treated under the accrual model and as such are shown as deferred income and amortised to income over the expected useful life of the housing property structure and its individual components (excluding land) on a pro-rata basis.

B - Depreciation of Housing Properties

Previously depreciation on housing properties was calculated on the net cost of properties after capital grant. In line with FRS102, and as noted above in A, grants are no longer netted off against the cost of housing properties and as such depreciation is now calculated on the gross cost of housing properties.

C - SHAPS Pension Scheme

The Association participates in the multi-employer defined benefit Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS). Under FRS102 a contractual agreement under a multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme to fund a past deficit should be accrued for as a liability discounted to net present value. As at 31 March 2015 this liability was calculated as amounting to £994,000.

D - Investment Property

The SORP 2014 requires properties held for commercial purposes to be treated as investment properties. The Association has one such property and therefore £114,805 treated as an operational office property has now been transferred to investment properties and valued at £187,500.

E - Holiday Pay Accrual

FRS102 requires the Association to recognise the cost of all employee benefits to which its employees have become entitled as a result of service rendered to the entity during the reporting period. Therefore at 31 March 2015 a provision has been made of £18,487 reflecting the value of holiday pay entitlement which had not been taken as at that date by employees.

Under FRS 102, the Statement of Cash Flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents (which include cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts and short-term, highly liquid investments), showing changes arising from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities separately. Under previous UK GAAP, the Cash Flow Statement presented changes in cash (which includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts) under the headings of operating activities, returns on investments and servicing of finance, taxation, capital expenditure and financial investment, acquisitions and disposals, equity dividends paid, management of liquid resources, and financing.

RECONCILIATION OF RESERVES	Notes	1 April 2014 £	31 March 2015 £
Reserves as previously reported under l	JK GAAP	3,227,033	3,560,813
Grant Accounting Depreciation SHAPS Pension Investment Property Holiday Pay Accrual	A B C D E	9,409,943 (8,698,272) (967,000) 116,905 (14,406)	10,376,940 (9,597,387) (994,000) 118,825 (18,487)
Reserves reported under FRS 102		3,074,203	3,446,704
RECONCILIATION OF SURPLUS OR D	EFICIT		Year ended 31 March 2015 £
Surplus or deficit as previously reported	under UK GAAP		333,780
Grant Accounting Depreciation SHAPS Pension Investment Property Holiday Pay Accrual Surplus reported under FRS 102	A B C D E		1,046,056 (978,174) (27,000) 1,920 (4,081)
Carpiae reported under 110 102			<u>372,501</u>